



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Matt Lacquer

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Matt Lacquer

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Wood Lacquer.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Annie Sloan Interiors Limited
33 Cowley Road
Oxford
UK
OX4 1HP
T: +44(0) 1865 247296
E: enquiries@anniesloan.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1865 713089

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Elicitation - EUH208

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi; R36/38

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
EUH208 Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Matt Lacquer

Precautionary statements	<p>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</p> <p>P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye and face protection.</p> <p>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</p> <p>P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.</p> <p>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.</p>
Supplementary precautionary statements	<p>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</p> <p>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.</p> <p>P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</p>

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

2-Dimethylaminoethanol	1 - <3%
CAS number: 108-01-0	EC number: 203-542-8
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	T; R23. Xn; R21/22. C; R34. Xi; R37. R10
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 3 - H331	
Skin Corr. 1B - H314	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318	
STOT SE 3 - H335	
Xylene, mixture of isomers	0.025 - <0.25%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn; R65, R20/21. Xi; R38. R10
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	
Propan-2-ol	0.025 - <0.25%
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7
	REACH registration number: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	F; R11. Xi; R36. R67
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	

Matt Lacquer

Ethylbenzene	0.025 - <0.25%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F; R11. Xn; R65, R20, R48/20/21/22
2-Methylpropan-1-ol	0.025 - <0.25%
CAS number: 78-83-1	EC number: 201-148-0
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi; R41, R37/38. R10, R67
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0.025 - <0.25%
CAS number: 2634-33-5	EC number: 220-120-9
M factor (Acute) = 10	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn; R22. Xi; R38, R41. N; R50. R43

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.
Skin contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Matt Lacquer

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Considered to be a low inhalation hazard at normal workplace temperatures. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
-----------------------------	------------------------

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.
-----------------------------	---

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
----------------------------------	---

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Matt Lacquer

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage.

Storage class Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

2-Dimethylaminoethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 7.4 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 6 ppm 22 mg/m³

Xylene, mixture of isomers

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³

Sk

Propan-2-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

Ethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m³

Sk

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

Matt Lacquer

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 154 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 75 ppm 231 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection

If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Milky. White.
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH	Not determined.
Melting point	Not determined.

Matt Lacquer

Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not relevant.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not determined.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	Not determined.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information required.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Matt Lacquer

Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	52,141.66
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	53,786.1
<u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u>	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	268.93
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u>	
Animal data	Irritating.
<u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u>	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation</u>	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>General information</u>	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	The product is considered to be a low hazard under normal conditions of use. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of entry	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Matt Lacquer

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

2-Dimethylaminoethanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,182.7

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,182.7

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,220.0

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Raw material suppliers' information. Harmful in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,220.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 6.1

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Raw material suppliers' information. Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 6.1

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Severe erythema (beef redness) to eschar formation preventing grading of erythema (4). Oedema score: Severe oedema - raised more than 1 mm and extending beyond area of exposure (4). Primary dermal irritation index: 8 REACH dossier information. Corrosive.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro DNA damage and/or repair: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Matt Lacquer

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - development Embryotoxicity:, Fetotoxicity:, Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: >100 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed. Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE)

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Skin Sens. 1 - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-Dimethylaminoethanol

Toxicity Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 146.63 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 98.37 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 72 hours: 66.08 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Toxicity Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ 0.01 < L(E)C₅₀ ≤ 0.1

Matt Lacquer

M factor (Acute) 10

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-Dimethylaminoethanol

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

Phototransformation Air - DT₅₀ : 0.192 days

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 60.5%: 14 days

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-Dimethylaminoethanol

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 3.162, Estimated value. The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.55

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-Dimethylaminoethanol

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Soil - Koc: 1.224 @ 25°C Estimated value.

Henry's law constant 0.00018 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Mobility No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Matt Lacquer

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2-Dimethylaminoethanol

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out.

Disposal methods Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Matt Lacquer

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Calculation method.
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Classification according to EC 1272/2008 (CLP). This is first issue.
Revision date	10/06/2015
SDS number	3305

Matt Lacquer

Risk phrases in full

R10 Flammable.
R11 Highly flammable.
R20 Harmful by inhalation.
R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R21/22 Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R22 Harmful if swallowed.
R23 Toxic by inhalation.
R34 Causes burns.
R36 Irritating to eyes.
R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.
R37 Irritating to respiratory system.
R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.
R38 Irritating to skin.
R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R48/20/21/22 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard statements in full

EUH208 Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.